Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired Outreach Programs

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IEP Supplement for Students who are Deafblind

A guide to implementing existing law

Developed by the Texas Deafblind Project at Texas School for the Blind & Visually Impaired

ARD/IEP Supplement for Students who are Deafblind

This supplement should be completed by the IEP team for any student with combined vision and hearing loss. In order to ensure FAPE for the student it is important that consideration has been given to the unique challenges the student may face due to limited access to instruction as a result of being deafblind. It should not supplant additional considerations of either the vision loss or hearing loss, but rather highlight additional considerations for this unique disability.

Instructions

Review the IEP documents (assessment, meeting notes, etc.) and place checkboxes by each item for the 12 items listed below as they are addressed by the IEP team.

In developing the IEP the following mandates were considered for this student:

Comments / Explanations	Considered	Area of IEP where this item is documented	
I. Eligibility and Reporting			
The student meets eligibility as deafblind			
2. Deafblind is reported as the primary disability in the IEP			
3. The student has been reported on the Deafblind Child Count			
In developing the Learning Media Assessment (LMA), the implication of the hearing loss was considered when determining:			
a. Primary Sensory Channel			
b. Appropriate Sensory Channel			
c. Need for ongoing evaluation in this area			
5. The description of the implications of hearing loss in a variety of settings with or without amplification addresses the student's vision loss on the following areas:			
Ability to speech read at near and distance in all types of lighting			
b. Identification of sound source at both near and distance in all types of lighting			
c. Ability to localize sound for orientation and mobility at both near and distance in all types of lighting			
d. Ability to see a referent under discussion at both near and distance in all types of lighting			

Comments / Explanations	Considered	Area of IEP where this item is documented
e. Interpretation of facial expressions and body language at both near and distance in all types of lighting		
II. Additional Assessment		
 Orientation and Mobility Evaluation: The impact of the student's vision and hearing loss was considered and evaluated related to his/her ability to move and travel with purpose and safety in the environment of home, school and community. 		
 a. The child is able to use hearing (either aided or unaided) to identify dangers as well as locate people and objects as he/she moves about home, classroom, school and community settings. 		
 b. The student is appropriately fitted for and using assistive listening devices that gives access to sounds for orienting and traveling 		
c. The student can appropriately locate and access support when necessary to orient and travel in both familiar and unfamiliar environments.		
 Technology Evaluation: The extent to which the student's vision and hearing loss impacts his/her ability to access assistive technology is determined. 		
a. Text to Speech		
b. Described video		
c. Captioning		
d. Low vision devices used to access sign, fingerspelling and speech reading		
e. The student needs assistive technology in the home to insure FAPE.		

Comments / Explanations	Considered	Area of IEP where this item is documented
3. Communication Evaluation: The impact of the child's vision loss was considered and evaluated to determine the child's potential for communication through a variety of means including oral, aural, fingerspelling or sign language:		
a. Visual access to sign and fingerspelling i. Appropriate distance and placement for receptive fingerspelling and signing. ii. Appropriate pacing for receptive fingerspelling and signing		
b. Tactual access to sign and fingerspelling i. Tactile signing and fingerspelling ii. Hand tracking iii. Coactive Signing		
c. Oral/Aural communication i. Ability to speech read at near and distance in all types of lighting ii. Ability to interpret facial expressions and body language at both near and distance in all types of lighting		
The impact of the child's vision loss was considered and evaluated to determine the child's opportunities for direct communications with peers and professional personnel in his/her language and communication mode.		
The student has access to teacher instruction, one- on-one conversations and group discussions during classroom and extracurricular activities in his/her communication mode.		
b. The student can visually locate and identify peers and others in order to initiate communication interactions.		
 Functional Behavior Assessment: The IEP committee must consider positive behavior support strategies in the case of a child who is deafblind and whose behavior impedes the child's learning or that of others. 		

Comments / Explanations	Considered	Area of IEP where this item is documented
 a. The child's etiology includes physical symptoms that might be causing the impeding behavior. 		
 b. The student's limited communication skills result in the use of impeding behavior to convey wants, needs and emotions. 		
 c. A change in vision, hearing or overall health is causing the impeding behavior. 		
 d. The student does not have access to understandable information about activities, surroundings, and expectations. 		
e. The student has opportunities to feel safe, successful, independent and connected.		
III. Supplemental Aids and Services/Related Services		
To ensure appropriate access to instruction, the IEP Committee considers the need for related services and/or additional staff including but not limited to:		
a. An intervener		
b. Interpreting arrangement to address the vision loss		
 Determine the need and provide training to family members and instructional staff on the impact of being deafblind on the child's development and learning, appropriate deafblind instructional strategies and resources to support the child in achieving a successful educational outcome. 		
The impact of the child's vision loss was considered and evaluated to determine the student's full range of needs, including opportunities for direct instruction in the child's language and communication mode.		
a. All assigned instructional staff have the skills to communicate in the child's preferred mode during instruction and general interactions.		

Comments / Explanations	Considered	Area of IEP where this item is documented	
 b. There is a system in place to support the child's access to direct instruction in their preferred language and communication mode. 			
IV. Resources			
The student who is deafblind or the student's legal guardian/parents, have been given written information about the programs offered by the state of Texas.			
Signature of Administrator	Date		
Signature of Parent/Guardian	Date		



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